

No. 11882 Eggs Aug. 7, 1899.

Young hatched.

In Oct., 1900, it was abandoned up to  
the 13th; 1st day Oct. 13. 251, 1900.

42, 1900.

1st day Oct. 21, 1900.

1st day Oct. 22, 1900.

1st day Oct. 23, 1900.

1st day Oct. 24, 1900.

1st day Oct. 25, 1900.

1st day Oct. 26, 1900.

1st day Oct. 27, 1900.

1st day Oct. 28, 1900.

1st day Oct. 29, 1900.

1st day Oct. 30, 1900.

1st day Oct. 31, 1900.

1st day Nov. 1, 1900.

1st day Nov. 2, 1900.

1st day Nov. 3, 1900.

1st day Nov. 4, 1900.

1st day Nov. 5, 1900.

*Phaethon rubricauda*

July 26, 1901. Young and adults abundant.  
At dusk, each evening, they are seen in  
large numbers flying towards the  
southwest corner of the island, where they  
doubtless have a roosting place.

July 1-20, 1901. - Young and adults  
abundant. July 1 3 PM. July 17-20  
Numerous in all fields  
29 in one. nested

1. ... ..  
... ..  
... ..

On Sept. 25, 1900, 10 were seen  
about bin Kaffe Truck.  
{ Sept. 26, 1900.  
On Oct. 11, 1900, and on Oct. 13, 1900.  
In and at St. Adames June 30, 1901  
On Sept. 14, 1900.  
On Aug. 4, 1900, and Aug. 5, 1900  
On Sept. 15, 1900.  
Spring 1899, 1899, 1899.  
On Oct. 11, 1900 (over)

April 21, 1903; nest seen May 1, 1913; common  
May 11, 1903; found common May 27, 1903. Uncommon  
in woods, but common in 1903 at May 27.  
Bred here in 1897. Nest abundant in willow.

June 31, 1911. - One seen in the garden.

June, 1887.	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Savanna Sparrow	X						
Song Sparrow	X						
Robin	X						
Grackles	X						
Chipping Sparrow	X						
English Sparrow	50						

Cr. etes kumia No. 11887. ♂ ad.  
Aug. 16, 1897. | 11888. " " "  
11889 " " " "

Snow Bunting No. 11895 ♂ ad.  
Nov. 10, 1897.

Pigeon Hawk No. 11896 Immature  
Nov. 21, 1897.

Wren No. 11900 ♂ ad. Dec. 13, 1899.

Merganser serrator No. 11878. April  
20, 1897.

Dendroica striata No. 11879. ♂ ad.  
May 26, 1897.

Sterna hirundo No. 11881. ♂ ad. May 31,  
1899. | No. 11883. ♂ juv. Aug. 16, 1897.

Robin No. 11882. ♂ juv. Aug. 2, 1897.

Blue Jay No. 11880. ♂ ad.  
Nov. 10, 1897. | No. 11881. ♂ ad. Jan.  
14, 1898.

Green Heron No. 11882. ♂ ad. Jan. 14, 1898.

Blue Jay No. 11883. ♂ juv. Jan. 14, 1898.

Bobwhite No. 11884. ♂ ad. Jan. 24, 1898.

Blue Jay No. 11885. ♂ ad. Jan. 22, 1898.

Parula No. 102. Oct. 14, 1897.

Spinus No. 103. ♂ ad. Oct. 14, 1897.

Myrtle Warbler No. 104. ♂ juv. Oct. 14, 1897.

Zonotrichia alb. No. 106. Oct. 15, 1897.

Melospiza No. 107. ♂ ad. Oct. 15, 1897.

Otocoris No. 108. ♂ ad. Nov. 7, 1897.  
" 11894 " " " "

Tree Sparrow No. 109. ♂ ad. Nov. 7, 1897.

No. 112. ♂ ad. Jan. 25, 1900. | 11901 ♂ ad.

Dec. 16, 1899. | 11902 ♂ ad. Dec. 23, 1899.

Certhia americana. - Oct. 7, 1899. - One  
on board fence and telegraph pole.  
Frequently seen during October, 1899.

Troglodytes hiemalis. - One, the first seen, Nov. <sup>18</sup> 1899.  
One seen Nov. 19, 1899.

Nov. 28, 1899. - One Winter Wren has been  
seen for the last three days. Not seen later.

\*\*\*  
\*\*\*\*  
Albiorchilus hiemalis hiemalis. Winter Wren

137

Troglodytes aëdon. - Oct. 7, 1899. - One that  
has been here for a fortnight, in  
our yard garden.  
No others were seen.

1 2-3, 1899. }  
1 24, 1899. } Same bird  
1 Oct. 7, 1899. }  
36

Anthus pensilvanicus. - One was seen and positively identified on the beach near Castle Hill, Newport, R.I. on September 16 and another on Sept. 18, 1900.

Sept. 25, 1900 - two  
Two on rocky edge of Narragansett Bay, looking out. One was caught in the net, the other was usually caught from ground, sometimes jumping up for them.

Wilsonia canadensis.

One female and one male May 23, 1900  
May 25, 1900 in <sup>Eighty</sup> East Sea, May 25, 1900.

Specimen killed by flying up at a street lamp.

182

May 13 3. 80 May 25, 1900.

Wilsonia (short-billed)

~~Sterna hirsuta. - A few Terns, probably common, still here Sept. 14, 1899.~~

Pteria virens. - Breeding on Rhode Island Island, Rhode Island, June 11, 1899, near Fort Adams.

Breeds at south end of Rhode Island island, near Fort Adams.

I think the nests were robbed at any rate the Chats suddenly left, last summer, and had not returned up to ~~top~~ May 20, 1900  
E. A. W.

Bred near Fort Adams in 1901.



Icteria virens. - Seen on the following  
dates in June; 7th, 10th, 17th, and 25th, 1900.  
One seen on the 4th. of August and another  
on the 5th.

Bred in - 1901. Heard July 16, 17, 1901.

One seen July 22, 1901, (seen on July 1st); nest seen.

June 11th, 1900; 1899 (nest early).

One May 23, 1900; nest seen May 26, 1900.

Several June 2, 1900; present June 10, 1900.

Uncommon; breeds.

One seen June 11, 1900.

1 seen in 1901. Heard July 16, 17, 1901.

Seiurus noveboracensis. - One seen (seen) on  
August 12 and another on the 28th, 1900.

129

Geothlypis trichas. - One male May 9,  
1899. This was the first one seen!  
Oct. 1, 1899 - Two. Common; breeds.  
Abundant in Autumn.

Breeds. through July.

One seen July 23, 1900; nest, 23, 1900;

nest seen June 7, 1900.

Young seen July 23, 1900.

134 dead (nest. May 22, 1900)

135 ♀ ad. Shot June 11, 1900.

Pine Warbler (Dendroica  
vigorsii). - A young female (No. 183  
of my collection), <sup>shot in a willow tree</sup> at Fort Adams,  
near Newport, Rhode Island, October 11,  
1900, has the iris hazel; feet and  
claws brownish plumbeous; Bill dusky  
brownish above and at tip, horn color  
below.

One shot Oct. 11, 1900.

One shot Oct. 15, 1900.

183. ♀ juv. shot Oct. 11, 1900

Dendroica palmarum hypochrysea. — <sup>Two were seen</sup> and.

a specimen was taken on the beach  
back of Fort Adams on September 15, 1900.

September 25, 1900 — ~~Sept. 25, 1900~~

Sept. 25, 1900 — ~~Sept. 25, 1900~~

Specimen No. 153, ♀, Sept. 15, 1900

17 <sup>♀</sup> ~~Sept. 15, 1900~~ Sept. 15, 1900.

Dendroica aestiva. — First Seen May 17,  
1899. Singing. Abundant May 27, 1899.

Breeds abundantly. The most abundant  
warbler. Prefers willows.

Breeds abundantly, its song continuing  
through July (1901).

Ten males (first seen) May 9, 1900; May 10,  
June 10; 1 Aug. 24, 1900.  
Breeds.

Parula (leucophrys) americana. —  
Oct. 7, 1899. — Two; appeared to be  
very heavy from fat in our yard.

Two Dec. 7, 1900. to breed.

One male May 9, 1900. Rare not known.

Helminthophila rubricapilla.—

One was seen at near Fort Adams on  
September 10, 1900.

One May 12, 1902.  
Not found breeding.

123 a

Helminthophila

One seen at Fort Adams  
September 10, 1900.

One male and eight males seen May 11, 1900; May  
11, 1900; May 13, 1900.

Not known to breed. Uncommon.

Vireo gilvus

September 25, 1900—Two in  
alders.

One May 23, 1900. No other.  
Not known to breed.

123

seen in alders Sept 8, 1900

Vireo olivaceus

October 5, 1900 - Two.

" 11 " - One.

4 Nov. 14, 1900; Nov. 21, 1900; June 2, 1900.

1 2 2 a

No. 152. ♂ ad. - 1 seen. Aug. 25, 1900.  
Two, June 11; 4 June 12; 2 with egg in nest

June 24, all 1900.

June July 2; 10 July 3; 2 July 6, all 1900.

7 June July 18; 2 July 23; 2 July 24, 6 July 28; and

6 Aug. 2, all in 1900. One Aug. 24, 1900.

1 Aug. 1900. May 14, 1900 to Oct. 11, 1900

Tachycineta bicolor. - First seen (one)

April 18, 1899. Pair seen May 26, 1899.

A pair in an old orchard often perched  
on a stone wall May 26, 1899.

See April 8, 1900.

April 15, 1900

June 27, 1900

Does it breed? Breeding questioned

Amphisp. cedrorum. - Small flock at Fort  
Adams, May 28, 1899.

Two seen March 28, 1900.

Flock of 30 April 6, 1900.

3, young of year. Oct. 15, 1900.

2, 18, 1900. (1900)

11 9 2 2

No. 151. ♂ ad. 2 seen. Nov. 15, 1900.

March 28, 1902 to Oct. 8, 1900

Petrichelidon lunifrons. -

May 1, 1899. Saw 1 Cliff Swallow.  
Identification not positive.

Some were positively identified  
in spring of 1900. See notes to  
be sent June 1st.

Two seen April 25, 1900. Ten seen  
May 20, 1900; seen a  
not heard at

Progne subis

Noted during migration in spring.  
A pair were seen near Ft. Adams,  
August 8, 1899, on telegraph wire.

Formerly Mr. Peckham informs  
me that Purple Martins formerly bred  
at his farm near Ft. Adams, but not  
during recent years.

111

Sialia sialis. - First heard singing  
March 14, 1899 | First one seen (1 ♂)  
March 4, 1899.

March 27, 1899. - Common.

Not seen during summer, autumn or winter.  
Bluebirds were common during Oct., 1901.

Seen Aug. 4, 1900 31. 100  
One Sept. 18, 1900 146

No. 167

Hylocichla swainsonii. - Sept. 27, 1899,  
One in my garden; the first this fall.

143

Hylocichla aliciae - Oct. 7, 1899 - Two  
very gentle and quiet. Preferred the  
oaks to maple trees, in our back yard.  
October 5, 1900 - Two.

One May 20, 1900. Rare

Regulus satrapa. - Nov. 16, 1899 - One.

Sep. 25, 1900 - 2. (first seen)

Flock seen in arch 31, 1902.

" Oct. 28, 1901.

4 Oct. 11, 1900.

Uncommon.

1899

Sitta canadensis

One spent a day or two in some ornamental spruce-trees at Ft. Adams in the autumn of 1899.

It appeared October 4, 1899 and remained in one spot for several days thereafter.

September 25, 1900 - one. (the first)

139

Parus atricapillus. - Several in scattered pairs, Nov. 20, 1899.

Nov. 16, 1899 - Several. Has been rather common lately.

Nov. 24, 1899. - One pair.

Nov. 25, " - " "

" 28 " - Pair each day, Nov. 27 + 28, 1899.

" 30 " - Bonaventure Id., R. I. - Numerous in swampy thickets.

Febr. 15, 1900. - Flock seen; one shot.

September 25, 1900

140 - 2

Seen in the 2d wood in Oct., 1900.

6 March 1901

Resident; breeds in winter.

Zonotrichia albicollis. - Sept. 27, 1899, several seen; the first this fall.

Nov. 24, 1899. - One in thicket; it came and watched one set a trap.

Oct. 7, 1899. - Several. None were seen after that (Oct. 7).

No. 11,953, Oct. 11, 1900.

109

No. 106. 15, 1899

40 seen Oct. 11 and 13, 1900.

Nov. 24 (1899).

Melospiza georgiana. - Oct. 7, 1899. - About six.  
Common in weedy post garden during  
first part of October.

One Oct. 3, 1900.  
No. 11,949 Oct. 11, 1900.  
" 11,951 Oct. 11, 1900 (Fed)

No. 184 ♂ ad. Oct. 11, 1900.

Several Oct. 1, 1899.  
Oct. 11, 1900. no others except  
that mentioned above.

Spizella pusilla  
One May 2, 1900. Two others

Junco hyemalis. - One seen May 7, 1899.  
Febr. 20 to May 2, 1899.  
Nov. 16, 1899. - Has become very scarce.  
" 24, " - No Juncos have been seen lately.  
" 28, " - None seen lately.  
Oct. 7, 1899. - Several; the first seen since <sup>spring</sup>  
Feb. 21 to March 27, 1899.  
Nov. 21, 1899. - Not seen for several days past.

Oct. 5, 1900. - One seen, perhaps  
other ~~one~~ <sup>one</sup> ~~seen~~ <sup>seen</sup> the first this fall  
the one seen was young; 2 Oct. 7, 1900.  
Young seen Nov. 19, 1900.  
" 21, 1900.

Spizella socialis. - First seen (one singing)  
April 26, 1899. Common May 1, 1899. ~~One~~  
~~seen May 1, 1899.~~  
Oct. 7, 1899. - A few. Not seen later.  
Several small flocks in post  
garden Sept. 25, 1900; 10 Oct. 16  
1900.  
Young seen June 25, 1900.  
One seen Oct. 25, 1900, 13 birds  
Young flying June 25, 1900

Quimodramus maritimus (Wilson).

"I shot night herons, seaside sparrows,  
xxx in the little marshy valley off the  
creek that runs into the ocean at Goose  
Neck [at the south end of <sup>the island of</sup> Rhode Island].  
In letter from Lieut. Wm. Robinson, dated  
Febr. 10, 1900. Refers to the year ?

---

Had a bird in  
1 ♀ May 15, 1900.

Pipilo erythrophthalmus. - Oct. 7, 1899. -

One female.

One old male, in our "back yard" " " "

Two Oct. 7, 1900 and 1 Oct. 10, 1900

{ One male May 9, 1900; <sup>1 ♂</sup> May 10, 1900. ~~seen~~ <sup>3</sup> ~~seen~~ <sup>3</sup> ~~seen~~  
~~seen~~ Not known to breed.



Poocætes gramineus. - Singing May 7, 1899.  
One seen May 17, 1899.

Breeds in small number.

April 6, 1900. June 10, 1900.

July 4, 1900. July 29, 1900.

104

Ammodramus caudatus. - Oct. 1, 1899 - One.

Ammodramus princeps. - Has been taken  
~~behind~~ beach sandhills near Newport.  
I have not seen any.

Dec. 16, 1899. - One or two seen among  
the sandhills; but owing to the high wind,  
and wildness of the birds, none were shot.

105

Ammodramus caudatus. - Fifteen were  
seen and five specimens secured on June  
16 on the salt marshes near Third Beach,  
Middletown, R. I.

One May 26, 1900.

107

Spinus tristis. - June 18, 1899. Flock.;  
both sexes; singing.

Oct. 1, 1899. - Flock.

Nov. 16, 1899. - Two flying over.

" 21, " - Flocks.

" 23 " - Not less than 200 in one flock, that  
alighted in a marsh to drink.

Nov. 25, " - One very large flock.

" 28, " - Flocks.

Oct. 7, 1899 - Flocks and individuals.

Apr. 7, 1900

May 20, 1900

Apr. 7, 1900

Passerina nivalis. - The first one seen was

No. 11, 895. adult Nov. 10, 1899.

Tail, some not measured. All rectrices and some  
upper quills were just sprouting. This bird was alone on rock, shore of Bay.

Next seen (one) Nov. 12, 1899.

Nov. 12, 1899 - One Snowflake seen in post;  
the second seen this autumn.

Jan. 8, 1900. - One shot by a duck hunter  
on Narragansett Bay.

Feb. 18, 1900. A flock of about  
a dozen on the parade-ground.

March 20, 1900.

Spinus pinus. - Nov. 23, 1899. Flock of  
four; the first seen.

102

7. ... ..

Nov. 12, 1899. - 3 ... ..  
... ..  
... ..  
... ..  
... ..

Quiscalus quiscula. - Abundant in April  
and early May, 1899. Breeding May 27, 1899.  
Abundant. Breeding June 18, 1899.

March 20, 1899, in flocks.

Autumn, 1899.

One, August 22, 1900.

98

Quiscalus purpureus. - The first young  
Crown Blackbird seen on wing was caught  
by Gillick June 25, 1899, when it ~~was~~ was  
so wet it could not escape. Breeds  
abundantly.

99

Scolecophagus carolinus. - First seen  
(15) Mar. 27, 1899. Abundant soon after.

99

Carpodacus purpureus. - Three seen in  
Elm at Fort Adams, May 17, 1899.

August 8, 1899. - A pair near Fort Adams,  
male singing on telegraph wire; both  
birds adult & very gentle.

June 2, 1900.

100

Molothrus ater. - Several seen May 1, to 3,  
1899. Abundant May 27, 1899.  
June 18, 1899, breeding.

August 5, 1900. April 19, 1900.  
April 7, 1900. October 15, 1899.

92

~~Molothrus~~ Agelaius phoeniceus. - First seen  
March 20. Abundant late in April and  
early May, 1899. Abundant, breeding, May  
27, 1899.

June 18, 1899, Young on wing.; others breeding.  
March 20, 1899, in flocks.

Breeds abundantly.

August 5, 1900. March 29, 1900.

13

Icterus spurius. - June 18, 1899. Breeding.  
Young male 2nd year singing.

Several Orchard Orioles were seen  
during the summer and autumn.

Nests near Ft. Adams, in orchard.

Bred <sup>rather</sup> commonly ~~at~~ <sup>near</sup> Fort Adams in 1901.

~~Icterus~~ Icterus spurius. - Two were seen  
near Fort Adams on June 9 and two others  
on June 22, 1900.

2, May 27, 1900.

95

Co. T. virens (Fair 22m).

1 on May 2 and 30, 1900.

1 on June 2, 1900.

2 on June 2, 1900.

4 on July 3, 1900.

4 on " 6, "

2 on July 23, 1900.

1 on " 28, 1900.

8/7

Empidonax minimis. - First seen and heard (one) May 1, 1899.

2 seen on May 31, 1900.

8

8

Corvus americanus. - Common from Febr. 20 to May 2, 1899. Frequents the shores. No Fish Crows present. Breeding birds May 27, 1899. October 1, 1899 - A pair.

Nov. 21, 1899. - Pair; same often noted.

" 24, " - Same pair before noted.

" 25, " - A pair were chasing a Red-Tail that was flying overhead.

Abundant in immense flocks - during winter. One pair remained during the summer.

10

Dolichonyx orizivorus. - Abundant, singing, May 26, 1899. Date of arrival not noted. June 18, 1899, Breeding. May 21, 1900

Breeds abundantly August 19, 1900.

11

Tyrannus tyrannus. — Last seen Sept. 12, 1899.

First seen May 17, 1899. Still present, probably breeding, May 27, 1899.

June 18, 1899. Breeding.

C. haetura pelagica. — Arrived in May, 1899. One seen May 26, 1899. First arrival not noted; but date unusually late.

Breeding.

Seen May 15, 1900; May 29, 1900; June 1, 1900.

Seen on June 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20-23, 25 + July 1-4, 6-8, 11, 18, 21, 23, 24, 26, 28 + August 2, 4 + 5, 7, 9, 13, 28, 1900.

I saw June 1, 1900.  
 One female, July 23, 1900.  
 July 34, 1900, one.  
 July 28, 1900, one.  
 July 29, 1900, five.  
 August 24, 1900, one.

J 6

This was the  
 Paranna Sparrow,  
 principally, tho' some  
 may have been  
 House Larks.  
 This year I shot a  
 Paranna in the act of  
 singing. I did not  
 know its song  
 before.

I saw seen  
 at Ft. Adams

144

Otocoris alpestris. - Horned Larks were often seen on the lawn at Fort Adams during February and March, 1899; but none of were shot and subspecifically identified.

No. 11894. ♂ ad. Nov. 7, 1899.

Nov. 5, 1899. - Has lately become abundant.

Nov. 16, " - One large flock on the parade.

" 21, " - Small flocks.

" 24, " - " "

" 25, " - Small flock on parade

Still abundant March 28, 1899.

Small flocks were present at Fort Adams from about the beginning of Nov. to date (Febr. 13, 1900).

Ammodramus s. savanna. - Oct. 1, 1899 -

Several. Oct. 7, 1899. - Many.

Nov. 21, 1899. - Savanna Sparrows, which were abundant, especially about manure heaps in the post garden, early in October, have not been seen for a long time.

Breeds commonly.

The migration records given for passerina probably all belong to this species.

Sturnella magna - Specimens.

A specimen was mounted by Mr. Charles B. Clark, of Newport, in 1899.

Breeds abundantly.

Flocks during Nov., 1901, singing. A common resident. Local name, "Marsh Quail".

74

Ammodramus s. passerinus. - First seen and heard singing April 22, 1899. Commonly heard May 4, 1899. Breeding May 27, 1899.

Breeds commonly. Sings constantly. Some of the Sparrows of this genus may have been Henslow's.

I am certain I saw this bird last spring, 1899; but most of the above applies to Savanna Sparrows, whose breeding song I mistook for passerinus or Henslow's. The same pair of Savanna Sparrows are breeding in front of my house in 1900; the male sings on the same golf stake as last year.



Otocoris alpestris — Specimens.  
No. 11,894. Lad. Ft. Adams, R. I. Nov. 7, 1899.  
198 ; 356 ; 115 ; 79 ; 13 ; 24 ; 21.5 mm.  
Hind claw 14 mm. Arrived early in  
Nov., 1901. Small flocks during November

Sturnella magna. — Common, singing Nov. 19, 1899.  
Seen occasionally during February and  
March. Common and singing during April.  
Breeding May 27, 1899. Singing daily.  
Oct. 1, 1899 — Saw one  
Nov. 5, 1899 — Flock of 20 on salt marsh.  
Nov. 15, 1899 — " " 24 " " "  
Nov. 21, 1899 — Singing.  
" 24, " — "  
" 25, " — Large flocks; singing.  
" 28, " — In flocks; singing.  
Flocks have been about our house  
daily for about a week Jan. 7, 1900.  
Heard Meadowlarks ~~here~~ on 8 and 11  
of February  
June 18, 1899. — Breeding.

Apr. 16, 1900.  
June 15, 1900.  
Oct. 23, 1900.

These notes probably refer exclusively to  
the Savanna Sparrow.

Melospiza fasciata cont'd. - January  
7, 1900. - Still quite common.

First Song Sparrows (about 10) Mar. 15, 1899.

No. 11903 - ♂ ad - January 23, 1890.

June 18, 1899, breeding.

Febr. 15, 1900. - A few about thickets on  
edge of salt marshes and in weedy thickets.

Abundant throughout the year.

No. 11902 - ♂ ad - July 16, 1900.

No. 11901 - ♂ ad - July 19, 1900; 4 others 1900.

No. 11900 - ♂ ad - June 26, 1901.

Melospiza fasciata. - Rather common

(May 1, 1899. First seen

No. 11880 ♀ ad. May 26, 1899.

No. 11890 ♀ juv. Sept. 2, 1899.

No. 11891 ♂ ad. Oct. 15, 1899.

No. 11893 " . Nov. 7, 1899.

Oct. 1, 1899, several seen.

Oct. 1, 1899 - One.

Nov. 21, 1899 - One beside house.

" 28, " - Several; one trapped

" 30, 1899

No. 11897 ♀ ad. Nov. 29, 1899.

Con. & d. R. d. Nov. 30, 1899 - One or two.

No. 11898 - ♂ ad. - Dec. 1, 1899.

" 11899 - "

January 23, 1900. Song Sparrows have been common  
often in flocks this winter.

Merula migratoria. - First seen

June 18, 1899, breeding. Breeds in conifers around  
the Commanding Officer's house at Fort  
Adams. Singing in April. Abundant  
last part of April & early May. First  
young seen flying May 24, 1899.

No. 11882 ♂ juv. August 7, 1899.

Oct. 1, 1899. - Several.

Nov. 5, 1899. - A few.

Nov. 15, " - Two flocks, aggregating perhaps  
50, feeding on red juniper and staghorn sumach.

Nov. 25, 1899 - Two Robins seen.

" 26, " - Four seen.

" 28, " - Several.

First Robins (3) March 4, 1899.

Spizella monticola. - Abundant Nov. 19, 1899.

First Commonly seen in February &  
March, 1899.

~~Nov. 7~~ Nov. 7, 1899. - First seen this fall; at least <sup>100</sup>

Nov. 12, 1899. - Abundant.

Nov. 15, 1899. - " "

Nov. 21, " - Common

" 24, " - Several.

" 25, " - " "

" 28, " - Common.

" 30, Con. & d. R. d. - Common

No. 11901 - ♂ ad. - Dec. 16, 1899.

Febr. 15, 1900. - One flock.

Several, January 5, 1902.

Melospiza fasciata — Specimens.

No. 11,897, ♂ ad., Ft. Adams, R. I., Nov. 29, 1899.  
163; 214; 67; 68; cul 12.2; 22.3; 22 mm.  
Taken in "cyclone" trap.

No. 11,898, ♂ ad. Conanicut Island, R. I., Dec. 1, 1899.  
171; 226; 72; 76; cul. 14; 22; 21 mm.  
Bill large! Markings heavy.

No. 11,899, ♂ ad. Conanicut Island, R. I. Dec. 3, 1899.  
162; 219; 67; 70; 12.5; 23; 21.5 mm.  
Coloration light; size small; taken in a "cyclone" trap.

No. 11,903, ♂ ad., Ft. Adams, January, 23, 1900.  
163; 228; 68; 68; 12.8; 21.5; 21 mm.  
Excessively fat!

No. 11,882. Mermula migratoria, ♂ juv. Ft. Adams  
R. I., August 7, 1899. Killed by striking telegraph  
wire in flight. In full first plumage with a  
few new feathers of adult plumage coming in  
on back and scapulars.

Breeds commonly. Common Feeding  
in flocks in November, 1901. One seen Nov.  
23. First Robins seen March 2, 1900.

Robins first seen March 1, 1902.

Louis Meane  
and plumage of themselves, sat  
with their heads under them.  
Sept. 26, 1900, 100 in a willow lane.  
October 3, 1900, 100  
150, October 5, 1900, 100  
at evening to corner of Island.

Melospiza fasciata — Measurements.

No. 11,890, ♀ juv. Ft. Adams, R. I., Sept. 2, 1899.  
Caught in "cyclone" mouse-trap.

No. 11,891, ♂ ad. Ft. Adams, R. I., Oct. 15, 1899.  
171; 223; 68; 77; 13; 21.8; 21 mm.

No. 11,893, ♂ ad. Ft. Adams, R. I., Nov. 7, 1899.  
165; 225; 69; 71; 12.2; 21.5; 20 "

No. 11,880, ♀ ad., Ft. Adams, R. I. May 26, 1899.  
165; 215; 67; 70; 12.6; 22; 20.5  
A breeding bird that had oviposited.

Sing. Oct. 5, 1900.

Spizella monticola — Specimens.

No. 11,901, ♂ ad. Second Beach, Newport, R. I.,  
Dec. 16, 1899.

163; 242; 78; 75; 10; 19; 20 mm.

No. 11,902, ♂ ad. Fort Adams, R. I. Dec 23/99.

163; 247; 80; 77; 10; 21; 20 mm.

A few Dec. 30, 1900.

No. 1099, 7, 1899

1229 ad. Jan. 25, 1900

10 March 10, 1900, 1901

"Common winter resident."

Dendroica coronata. — One seen Nov. 19, 1899. Common  
Nov. 20, 1899.

Oct. 1, 1899. — Hundreds of them.

Nov. 5, 1899. — At least a dozen seen.

" 7, 1899. — Several seen.

" 21, 1899. — One seen

" 25, " — Several in thickets

" 26, " — Perhaps as many as 100 were seen today. In one  
elm-tree 9 were counted. Mostly about thickets.

Nov. 28, 1899. — Few

" 30, " Concord, R.I. — Common.

Abundant throughout Oct. & Nov. 1899.

I suspect that a few wintered,  
as they were found in the same sheltered  
thicket near Ft. Adams, when I first visited the  
spot early this spring. See this spring's migration notes.

Passer domesticus. — No. 11, 892. 3 ad.

Oct. 30, 1899. Ft. Adams, R. I. This bird  
was in the clutches of a Hawk (Accipiter  
velox) perched on a clothes-pole in  
my yard. 165; 250; 80; 65; 12.5; 18; 20 mm.

These birds flock to the few  
trees at Ft. Adams and prevent  
wild birds from stopping.

Like the crow it acts as a  
scavenger on the sea beaches.

Saw 3 on beach Jan 20, 1900  
(over)

Clivicola riparia. — First seen (one)  
Not seen lately (May 27, 1899)

Became abundant during August.

June 18, 1899 Many Bank Swallows were circling  
about the ocean beach and meadow at the  
south end of Aquidneck Id.

Breeds; several seen daily through  
July, 1901, to July 26 when "no Bank  
Swallows" were noted. on Narragansett Point  
July 1901  
25 July 15, 1900; 21, 1900; colony breeding  
40 June 2, 1900.

12 July 15, 1900.  
20 Aug. 4, 1900.  
400 Aug. 20, 1900

May 15 (1900)  
Sept. 20  
over.

Chelidon erythrogaster. — Mr. Charles  
B. Clark mounted <sup>albino</sup> a specimen  
(immature) shot by him at Second  
Beach, in September, 1899.

Price \$5.00 25, 1899

Sept 12, 1899.

75 Aug. 4, 1900

Breeds. Abundant. Very numerous, July 20, 1901.  
Abundant in flocks July 26, 1901.

No. 969. 22, 26, 1899

20 Aug. 7, 1900.

20 Aug. 24, 1900.

4 " 31, "

Twelve, January 5, 1902.  
10, Sept 25, 1905.

Jan 10, 1900 (18)

July 10, 1901, 15  
7  
15

*Erythraea*  
*lo helidon* — ~~first seen~~ Sept. 12, 1899.  
In flocks April 26, 1899, when first seen.  
Abundant and breeding May 27, 1899.  
June 18, 1899, breeding.  
Breeds abundantly.

One April 20, 1900  
April 21, 1900  
Common May 9, 1900.  
Often nests on cliffs.  
6 May, 27, 1900  
in flocks July 26, 1901

April 20, 1900  
Sept 12, 1899

Galoscopus carolinensis. - First seen (one that staid in our yard, very tame) May 14, 1899. Building nest May 26, 1899.

Oct. 1, 1899. - Pair seen.

June 18, 1899, breeding.  
Two eggs, June 7, 1900.

Breeds Commonly.

20 seen on Sept. 25, 1900. One uttered a loud clucking sound. About 10 in grape thicket, Sept. 26, 1900.

2, Oct. 5, 1900.

2 Oct. 7, 1900

1 Oct. 13, 1900

(over)

Dendroica striata. - Specimens.

11, 879, ♀ ad. May 26, 1899. Ft. Adams, R. I.

140 ; 223 . 72 ; 54 ; 10.8 ; 20 ; 15

~~in~~ Iris, grayish brown; bill with maxilla brownish black; mandible, yellow at base and plumbeous-black at tip; feet yellow.

Two male May 13, 1900; May 14, 1900; common May 15; Last seen May 26, 1900. Two males seen May 26, 1900. First female May 15, 1900.

No. 131. ♂ ad. May 23, 1900.

" 132. ♂ ad. do

One April 17, 1900; next seen April 21, 1900;  
Common May 20, 1900; 3 eggs June 8, 1900.

Dendroica striata. - Both sexes common  
May 26, 1899.

Specimen No. 11879 ♀ ad. May 26, 1899.

20, Sept 25, 1900  
about 20 in willow lane, Sept. 26, 1900.

At this season its note is a sharp  
"chip"; and it associates with the Myrtle  
Warbler. No. 11,950, Oct. 11, 1900 ♀ ad.

One seen Sept 19, 1901, at St. Andrews.

No. 11879 ♀ ad. May 26, 1899

100 Oct 8, 1900.

30 seen, 1 shot Oct. 11, 1900.

10 " Oct. 13, 1900.

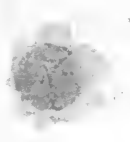
No. 11906 ♀ ad May 23, 1900.

(12 - 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 1902.)

92. *Quercus fusiformis*, *Quercus* *laevis*.  
A common summer resident; Breeds.  
May 15 (1900) to August 28 (1900). It is  
an *Quercus* at Fort Williams, in the city of  
New York, and is most abundant here  
on the island of *Manhattan*.



17-18-74  
[faint handwritten notes]



19-20-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

21-22-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

---

23-24-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

25-26-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

27-28-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

29-30-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

31-32-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

33-34-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

35-36-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

37-38-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

39-40-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

41-42-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

43-44-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

45-46-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

47-48-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

49-50-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

51-52-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

53-54-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

55-56-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

57-58-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

59-60-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

61-62-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

63-64-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

65-66-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

67-68-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

69-70-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

71-72-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

73-74-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

75-76-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

77-78-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

79-80-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

81-82-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

83-84-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

85-86-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

87-88-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

89-90-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

91-92-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

93-94-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

95-96-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

97-98-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

99-100-74  
[faint handwritten notes]

Birds observed on Sept. 19, 1901 at Fort Adams.

1 Blackpoll Warbler.

[illegible]





Poocetes gramineus.

~~Common~~

~~Common summer resident to~~  
~~So. Calif. May 7, 1899 and~~

~~A few breeds, <sup>seen</sup> constantly during~~  
~~July~~ September 15 (1901)  
April 6, (1900) to July 29, (1900).

115. *Poocetes* <sup>gramineus</sup> <sup>gramineus</sup> Ips. Ipswich

— A rare winter

visitor, frequenting the sand-dunes.

One seen on December  
16, 1899.

153. Anturus pensilvanicus American  
Pipit. — Only seen on the rocky  
shore of Narragansett Bay, near  
Fort ~~Mage~~ Adams, September 16, 18,  
and 25, 1900. They were feeding  
on insects and small moths or butterflies,  
which were usually caught from  
the ground, but, sometimes, by  
jumping up for them.

154. Galeoscoptes carolinensis.  
Catbird. — A common summer  
resident; breeds. April 17 to October  
13, 1900. ~~At~~ Mar Fort Adams, a  
nest was being built May 26, 1899; another  
nest contained three eggs June 8, 1900.  
In September and October it frequents  
grape thickets, and utters a loud  
clucking sound.

155. Harporhynchus rufus. Brown  
Thrasher. — <sup>sometimes, when it feeds on wild grapes,</sup> An uncommon summer  
resident; breeds; abundant in autumn.  
In 1900, none were seen during the season  
summer of 1900 none were seen after  
May 27th. <sup>Some nested in 1899 and 1901.</sup> April 21 (1900) to October  
13 (1900). ~~It frequents grape thickets~~  
~~in autumn.~~

Leucopodacus purpureus.

Rare. Three were seen at Fort  
Sidams on May 17, 1899. A pair  
near Fort ~~at~~ <sup>at</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~same~~ <sup>same</sup> place on  
telegraph wire; both birds adult  
and very gentle. Heard singing  
at Hanging Rock on June 2,  
1900.

One seen - 1900

114. Zonotrichia querula. Vesper  
Sparrow. - A common summer  
resident; breeds. April 6 (1900)  
to ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~15~~ <sup>15</sup> (1901). Singed from  
the ~~beginning~~ <sup>beginning</sup> ~~of~~ <sup>of</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~field~~ <sup>field</sup> of  
July.



148. Sciurus noveboracensis.

Water-Thrush. — The following are my only records: one, each, August 12 and 28, 1900.

149. Geothlypis trichas. Maryland

Yellow-throat. — A summer resident; breeds; most abundant during the spring and fall migrations. May 9 to October 1, 1899. It sings from the time of its arrival until the end of July.

150. Icteria virens. Yellow-breasted Chat. An uncommon summer resident; breeds. May 23 to August 5, 1900.

151. Wilsonia canadensis. Canadian

Warbler. — One female and two males

May 23, <sup>1900;</sup> sight seen May 25, ~~at~~ <sup>was</sup> 1900 <sup>1/2</sup>.  
An adult male (No. 133 of my collection) killed by flying against a street lamp at Fort St. Adams, May 25, 1900.

152. Setophaga ruticilla. American

Redstart. — Two pairs, ~~was~~ seen at Hanging Rock, June 2, 1900, are all that we have observed.

Passerina nivalis

Common winter resident.

November 10, (1899) to March 20, (1900).

An adult bird (No. 11,895) had its tail gone (Nov. 10, 1899). This bird was alone on the rocky shore of Narragansett Bay.

113. Passerina nivalis. Snowflake.

A common winter resident. Moven  
= Jan 10 (1899) to March 20 (1900).

144. Dendroica pensylvanica. Chest-  
-nut-sided Warbler. — Rare in spring.  
One male May 11 and one female May  
15, 1900; no others seen.

145. Dendroica striata. Black-poll  
Warbler. — An abundant spring  
and fall migrant. It prefers willow  
thickets, associating with Myrtle Warblers,  
and uttering a sharp "chip." May 13 to 26 (1900)  
and September ~~25~~<sup>19 (1901)</sup> to October 13<sup>(1900)</sup>, all in 1900.  
The first female appeared May 15<sup>th</sup> and the  
last males <sup>were seen</sup> May 26<sup>th</sup>.

146. Dendroica palmarum hypochrysea.  
Yellow-Palm Warbler. — Only observed  
during the month of September. A female  
(No. 173 of my collection) was taken on  
the beach at Fort Adams, where another  
individual was seen <sup>the same day</sup> September 15, 1900.  
Five were seen September 25<sup>th</sup> and one  
September 26<sup>th</sup>, 1900.

147. Dendroica vigorsii. Pine  
Warbler. — Two September 15 and one  
October 11, 1900; no others seen. ~~The~~ The  
young female (No. 183 of my collection) shot  
in a willow-tree near Fort Adams, October 11, 1900,  
has the iris hazel; feet and claws brownish plumbeous;  
bill dusky brownish above and at tip, horn color below.

12 S. pinus pinus. Pine Siskin. —  
Rare. Only one flock of four,  
seen November 23, 1899.

140. Helminthophila rubricapilla.

Nashville Warbler. — Rare in spring and fall. One was seen, near Fort Adams, May 10, two May 14, and one September 10, all in 1900; no others ~~seen~~ observed.

141. Compsothlypis americana neneae.

Northern Parula Warbler. — Only observed in spring and fall. Two, very heavy from fat, <sup>were</sup> seen in our yard October 7, 1899. One May 9 and two October 7, 1900.

142. Dendroica aestiva. Yellow Warbler. The most abundant Warbler during summer; breeds. May 9 to August 24, 1900. It prefers willow thickets, and sings from the time of its arrival until August.

143. Dendroica coronata. Myrtle Warbler. — A winter resident, but most abundant during the spring and fall migrations. September 25 to May 10, 1900.

Astragalinus tristis

A common ~~summer~~ resident; breeds  
Malak June 25, 1900.

April 7, (1900) to October 11, (1900);

On November 23, 1899, not less than  
200 <sup>near top Adams</sup> ~~aggregates~~ in a marsh to drink.

III. Astragalinus tristis. Common

— A common resident.  
breeds. Like the Red Waxwing, it is <sup>gregarious and</sup> ~~is~~ <sup>late</sup> breeder, remaining in singing flocks  
until late in June, when mating begins.  
In winter flocks of hundreds assemble.

134. Ampelis cedrorum. Cedar Waxwing. — A summer resident; probably breeds; not seen in winter. March 28 (1902) to October 8 (1900).

135. Lanius sp.? — <sup>My father says a</sup> ~~A~~ Strike ~~was~~ seen at Fort Adams during the spring of 1899. The species could not be determined.

136. Vireo olivaceus. Red-eyed Vireo. — A rather rare summer resident; breeds. May 14 to October 11, 1900. A nest contained one egg on June 24, 1900.

137. Vireo gilvus. Warbling Vireo. — One May 23 and two September 25, 1900; no others seen.

138. Mniotilta varia. Black and White Warbler. — Rare in spring and fall. One female and eight males were seen May 9, 1900; also observed May 9 and 11, and October 7, 1900.

139. Helminthophila sp.? — A bird heard singing in a patch of skunk cabbage and American white Hellebore, near Hanging Rock, June 2, 1900, must have been either H. ~~viridis~~ <sup>fulva</sup> or H. chrysoptera.

Sterna spurius.

Uncommon summer visitor.

Breeds,

May 27, (1900) - Autumn, (1899). 2<sup>nd</sup> 4<sup>th</sup>

June 9, 1900. - 2<sup>nd</sup> 22.11.00

Young & old often seen during July, 1901.

Common July 26, 1901. One of its notes suggests the call of a Gotamus.

Noted in the hands of a friend and on the Burdew estate near Fort Adams.

A pair bred in the apple orchard near the house. The male was seen on the second of the nest and the female beside the nest June 18, 1901.

In 1901 it was seen commonly near Fort Adams. Nests were found in the apple orchard and on the Burdew estate.

Seen in the apple orchard on the Burdew estate in 1899.

Two pairs found in 1900.

Seen in 1901. - seen in 1901.



132. Tachycineta bicolor. Tree Swallow = low. — A spring visitant; not <sup>positively</sup> known to breed. April 18 (1900) to May 26 (1899). On the latter date a pair repeatedly settled ~~at~~ on a stone wall in an old apple-orchard near Fort Adams. These may have had a nest.

133. Clivicola riparia. Bank Swallow. — A summer resident. Several colonies breed on the island. May 15 to August 20, 1900.

~~134. Clivicola riparia. Bank Swallow. — A summer resident. Several colonies breed on the island. May 15 to August 20, 1900.~~

Quiscalus quiscula

Quiscalus quiscula cinereus

Common summer resident,  
as no specimens have been  
obtained I am unable to say  
which forms are represented.

Breeds abundantly. During July, hundreds  
roost in a swamp of soft maples, near Fort Adams.

March 20, (1899) - August 22, (1900)

July 26, 1901. - In flocks by the shore.

Birds of Year, 27, 1899

Yours of the 25, 1899

"Quiscalus cinereus may be here. No  
specimens. Most are quiscula."

Birds of Year, 1899

109. Cardinalis purpureus. Purple

Grackle. - A rare summer resident;  
breeds. May 17 to August 8, 1899.

129. Progne subis. Purple Martin.

Observed during the spring migration and on August 8, 1899, when a pair of adults were seen on a telegraph wire near Fort Adams. Mr. Peckham informed me that Purple Martins formerly bred on his farm, near Brentons Point, but not during recent years.

130. Petrochelidon lunifrons. Cliff Swallow.

— A summer visitant; not known to breed. ~~April 28~~ May 1, 1899. Two April 28, ~~and~~ ten May 20, and two August 4, all in 1900.

131. Hirundo erythrogaster. Barn Swallow.

— An abundant summer resident; breeds. April 20 (1900) to September 12 (1899). It often builds ~~its nest~~ on cliffs, breeding abundantly by the last week of May. Mr. Charles B. Clark mounted an immature, albino individual, which he shot <sup>at Second Beach,</sup> in September, 1899.

Passerculus princeps.

Rare winter visitor.

One or two were seen on December 16, 1899.

Frequents the sand-dunes.

116. Passerculus princeps

Savannah Sparrow.

An abundant summer resident; birds. April 16 to October 23, 1900.

In autumn it was especially abundant at the front garden, where at least two individuals were seen October 3.

It begins to sing immediately upon the first of June, and its song continues through July. Apparently the same pair returned

from the same (1899-1901) to the vicinity of my house, singing from the same stake on a rocky hilltop.

Young were <sup>already</sup> flying on the Middletown Marsh, ~~on~~ June 16, 1900. One seen there ~~on~~ on September 28, 1900, may have been the subspecies described by Hens.

156. Troglodytes aëdon. House Wren. — One remained in our garden from September 23 to October 7, 1899; no others seen.

157. Albiorchilis hiemalis. Winter Wren. — Not uncommon from November 18 to 28, 1899; no others seen.

158. Cislothorus stellaris. Long-billed Marsh Wren. — An uncommon summer resident; breeds at Almy Pond, where air birds were noted, July 14, 1900. Eggs were collected <sup>there</sup> by Mr. Horrocks Buchanan.

159. Certhia fusca. Brown Creeper. One visited some trees in our yard April 4, 1900, and remained in the vicinity for several days thereafter. In 1899, it first appeared October 7th, and was frequently seen during the remainder of the month. One October 16, and one October 22, 1900.

4.  
11 *Ammodramus caudacutus*.  
Sharp-tailed Sparrow.  
Uncommon. Fifteen were seen and  
five specimens secured on June  
16, 1900, on the salt marshes near  
Third B. Canal, Middletown town. ip,  
R. I. One seen May 26, 1900.  
One seen October 1, 1899.

160. Sitta canadensis. Red-breasted Nuthatch. — One appeared October 4, 1899, and remained in one spot, among some ornamental spruces, for several days. The only other was one seen September 25, 1900.

161. Parus atricapillus. Chickadee. A rather uncommon resident; breeds; most numerous in winter.

162. Regulus satrapa. Golden-crowned Kinglet. — An <sup>uncommon</sup> ~~rare~~ winter resident. September 25 (1900) to March 31 (1902).

163. Hylocichla aliciae. Gray-cheeked Thrush. — One May 20, 1900; two October 7, 1899; two October 5, 1900; no others seen.

164. Hylocichla ustulatus swainsonii. Olive-backed Thrush. — One visited our garden, September 27, 1899; no others seen.

Agelaius phoeniceus



135

gr. g. m.

2

— 1/2 —

on 1/2

1/2

du

1/2

135



103. Agelais Libanica, Red-winged Blackbird.

Scolecophagus corbini

Only seen late in March and  
early in April, 1899.

Seen, March 27, April 1, and  
April 10, 1899. April 4, 1900.

4 seen April 4, 1900, together. Most of spring -

157. Scolecophagus corbini.

Only 4 seen. — Traced on March  
27, April 1, and April 10, 1899.

Forty were seen April 4, 1900. Not  
seen in 1901.

165. Hylocichla aonalasch Kae pallasii.  
Hermit Thrush. — Only observed  
during the latter part of October,  
1899, when a number visited  
our garden at Fort Adams.

166. Merula migratoria <sup>American,</sup> Robin. —

A permanent resident, very abundant  
in summer, rare in winter; breeds.

In 1900, nests contained one egg April 17,  
one egg April 30, four eggs June 3 & 7; and  
a pair began building a nest as late as  
June 21. ~~The first~~ <sup>first</sup> young were <sup>seen</sup> flying  
May 26, 1899, June 3, 1900. A <sup>young</sup> ~~specimen~~ <sup>bird</sup>,  
taken August 7, 1899, was beginning to  
acquire a few feathers of the adult plu-  
mage on back and scapulars. In  
July, Robins begin to assemble <sup>at dusk of evening</sup>, and <sup>at</sup> ~~at~~  
large flocks are seen flying southwest,  
~~at evening~~ to their roosting places on  
the southwest corner of the island. ~~In~~  
July, as many as 27 Robins  
were counted in one field. When dusting  
and pluming themselves they were often  
observed to sit with their tails bent  
under them. In November, <sup>they</sup> ~~Robins~~ begin  
feeding upon berries of the staghorn  
sumach and red juniper which are  
their staples in winter.

Icterus galbula

Fairly common in summer & persistent.

May 17, (1899) - August 21, (1900).

One seen in our yard late in the autumn of 1899.

May 22, May 29, May 30, June 10, 1900.

106. Sparrow g. Baltimore Oriole. - A fairly common summer resident; birds. May 17 (1899) to August 21 (1900). One was seen in our yard <sup>quite</sup> late in the autumn of 1899, but the date was not noted.

167. Sialia scalis. Bluebird.

Quite common from March 4 to 27,  
1899; ~~one July 31 & 1900, two~~ one July  
31, two August 4, and one September 18,  
in 1900; common during October, 1901.

100. Corvus sinuatus. American  
Crow. — A common resident  
breed, this winter, and all  
winter and spring. It  
nested in a hole in the  
side of a building. In 1897,  
it was seen on Rodas, 1-1-1 and 1-1-1.  
It was seen on Rodas, 1-1-1 and 1-1-1.  
27 ~~March~~; it was seen on Rodas, 1-1-1 and 1-1-1.

by ~~being~~ ~~seen~~ ~~on~~ ~~Rodas~~ ~~1-1-1~~ ~~and~~ ~~1-1-1~~. A pair  
of Crows, probably those that bred,  
were found about this place  
throughout the year. ~~They~~ On  
November 25, 1899 they were  
seen chasing a Red-tailed  
Hawk that was flying  
overhead.

127.

Adams, Mary

1/1 Dorichomyx orizivorus

Bobolink. — A common summer resident; breeds. 7/1

May 21 (1900) to September 13 (1901)  
In the year 1899 it was abundant May 26.

Males in black dress were singing on July 7, 1901 + it was present in small bands July 20, 1901.

Dorichomyx orizivorus. Bobolink. —

A common summer resident; breeds. May 21 ~~1900~~ to September 13, 1900. One seen, in a cornfield, as late as September 13, 1901. The males greeted the females, and sing on their arrival. Both sexes are abundant during the last week of May.



127.

-6

127

in loc. 1000 ft. 1901  
to 1901 201 1901

Leptocarpus  
Leptocarpus autumnalis  
Breed. May 21, (1900) - Aug. 19, (1900)  
Moose Dept. 13, 1901 - cornfield.

Molothrus ater

Common summer resident.

Breeds. First egg June 7, 1900; ~~first~~  
young <sup>the</sup> June 22, 1900.

April 7 (1900) to October 15, 1899

June 16, 1900. <sup>major</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> year was  
very dry.

102. Molothrus ater. Cowbird.

An abundant summer resident;

Breeds. First egg June 7, 1900;  
young on <sup>the</sup> ground as early as June 16,  
1900. April 7 (1900) to October  
15 (1899).

126.

102. *Metastoma* after fertilized.  
A common summer resident; heard  
March 20 (1899) to August 5 (1900)  
The females were in the nest  
with the young until July 18, 1899  
The young were in the nest.

A common summer resident;  
heard July 18, 1899 to  
August 5, 1900 a male was  
heard (young in the nest)

96. Horizopus virens. Wood  
Pewee. — ~~Very common~~  
— non resident; breeds. May  
21 to August 2, 1900.

126. Spizella socialis. Chipping  
Sparrow. — An abundant summer  
resident; breeds. ~~April 20 to~~  
~~October 16, 1900.~~ April 20 to October  
16, 1900. Young were flying as early  
as June 25, 1900.

Days in prison (Latham).

Two were men on April 15, 1900.

One seen on April 20, 1900.

" " " 30, 1900.

97. *Empidonax minimus*, Linn.  
Swainson. — A rare summer  
resident; first seen May 1, 1899; two  
seen May 21, 1900.

120. *Sialia mexicana*. Tree  
Sparrow. — A <sup>common</sup> resident;  
seen in numbers during spring and  
fall migrations. No number 7 (1899)  
4, March 10 (1900).

Horizopne virens (D. D. -).

Uncommon summer at 6 ft; 1000

May 21, (1900) - August 2, (1900)

96. *Spizella alpestris*. Horned Lark.  
— Common winter resident. October  
24 (1900) to April 8 (1900).

117. *Spizella monticola*. Seaside Sparrow.  
Seaside Sparrow. — In a letter  
dated February 10, 1900, Captain Wirt  
Robinson, U. S. A., writes: "I shot  
eight *Spizella monticola*, Seaside Sparrows, etc.  
in the little marshy valley of the  
creek that runs into the ocean at  
Little Neck, Rhode Island."



Empidonax minimus west.

Rare summer visitor.

Seen and heard in May 1,  
1899. Two seen May 21, 1900.

108. Quiscalus quiscula. Purple  
Grackle. — A common summer  
resident; breeds. March 20 (1899)  
to August 22 (1900). ~~20 eggs found~~  
~~as early as May 27, 1899.~~ Incubation  
commenced as early as May 27, 1899;  
and young were in the wing June  
25th. Flocks frequent the shores  
in May, during which month  
hundreds roost nightly in a  
swamp of soft maples near  
Brevlons Point.

99. Quiscalus quiscula. Blue Jay.  
Flocks frequent the shores in May,  
during which month hundreds roost  
nightly in a swamp of soft maples  
near Brevlons Point.

*Atrocis* *repentis* (Linnaeus).  
Common winter resident.  
October 29, 1900, — April 8, 1900.

---

Oct 3

Nov 10, 1900

July "

Oct 21, 1900 "

Aug "

Apr, May "

95. ~~Mayornis phoebe~~. ~~Field~~.  
Two seen on April 15, one  
September 26, and one September  
30, 1900.

122 Spizella pusilla. Field  
Harmon. — One May 2, 1900;  
no others seen.

418 Sturnus vulgaris (Linnaeus).

Fairly common in some localities;  
breeds. May 17, (1899) — Sept. 12, (1899)

Trochilus colubris Guianensis.

Common summer resident.

Dates not recorded but birds were seen  
in both May and September, 1899.

May — (1899) — Sept. — (1899.)

Actual dates June 2, (1900) — Aug. 31, (1900)

4. *... King =*  
*bird. — ...*  
*... May 17 (1899)*  
*to September 12 (1899).*

1.23. *... Slate-colored*  
*... — ... resident;*  
*abundant during spring and fall*  
*migrations. October 5 (1899),*  
*May 7 (1899).*

*Antennaria dioica* (Linn.) Greene.  
Common summer annual; rare.

May 15 (1900) — August 25 (1900).

Common in fields and along roads.

See also...

25.

124. *Antennaria dioica* (Linn.) Greene.  
Common in fields and along roads.  
See also...



1871. March 2 to 5.

1871. March 2 to 5.

Ammodramus sandwichensis savanna

Abundant summer resident.

Sings constantly through July.

Breeds. April 16, 1900 to October 23, 1900.

Immature birds were abundant at the post July 10, Fort Adame. About 300 October 3, 1900.

One seen December 28, 1900 may have been Passerculus sandwichensis.

Howe. I saw as early as May 27, 1899, and it was the same bird.

Apparently the same pair returned here two seasons (1899-1901) to the vicinity of our house, singing from the same gully, <sup>Diak</sup> on a rocky hilltop.

A brownish white bird, brown at throat and back, June 2, 1900, <sup>seen at</sup> the two hawks; bill dark brown on upper side of maxilla and tip of mandible's sides; mandible at base and all but tip of mandible, ash color; tarsi yellowish flesh color; toes and hind claws light brown, front ones darker brown.

Young were shot at the plantation warehouse on June 16, 1900, when we ~~took~~ shot two young and seven adults.

Sing, through July.

119. Zonotrichia albicollis

White-throated Sparrow. — One  
observed in autumn in September 27  
to November 24, 1899.

W. edg. ~~born~~, at 3 P.M., outside my  
window in a ~~driving~~ <sup>in</sup> storm Dec. 3, 1901

~~105. *Sialia sialis*. Orchard~~

105. *Sialia sialis*. Orchard

*Cerulea*. - ~~seen~~ <sup>seen</sup> on  
Sept. 10, 1900; - ~~seen~~ <sup>seen</sup> May

27 (1900) to autumn (1899). ~~seen~~ <sup>seen</sup>

born in ~~Seaboard's~~ <sup>Seaboard's</sup> orchard, near  
Brentons Point, in 1899. The male, a  
first year, second year, ~~seen~~ <sup>seen</sup>

born. The next year ~~seen~~ <sup>seen</sup>. Several others  
were seen during the summer and  
autumn of 1900. In 1900 and 1901,

*Cerulea* ~~seen~~ <sup>more</sup> ~~seen~~ <sup>more</sup> commonly  
about ~~Seaboard's~~ <sup>Seaboard's</sup> orchard. ~~seen~~ <sup>seen</sup>

in the ~~Seaboard's~~ <sup>Seaboard's</sup> orchard, and ~~Seaboard's~~ <sup>Seaboard's</sup>  
estate; and young and old birds were  
frequently seen during the ~~year~~ <sup>year</sup>. One of the  
notes of the young suggests the  
call of a *Soturnis*.

Sturnella magna

The New England Meadowlark  
is the largest of all the  
geographic forms of the species.

*Corvus americanus*

A common resident, Brecon.

Most common in winter and early spring.

Seen in the Brecon Hills in 1899.

Seen in the Brecon Hills in 1899.

Seen in the Brecon Hills in 1899.

22.11.1899, Brecon Hills.